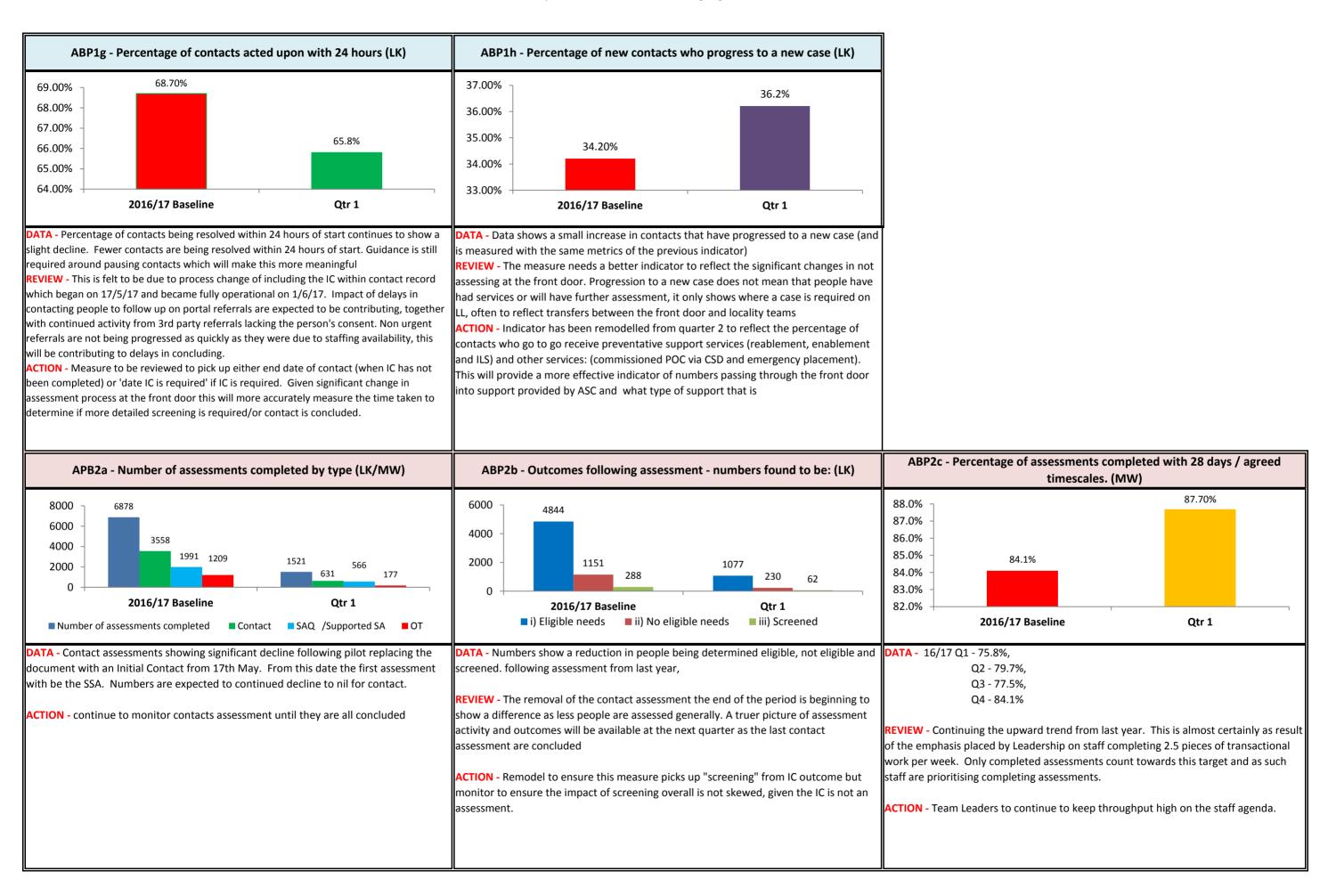
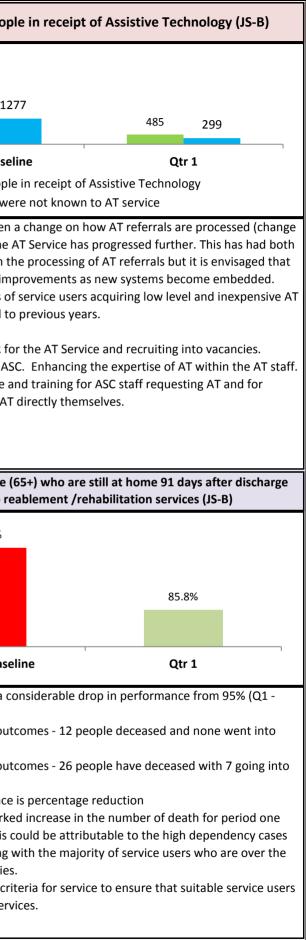


## Appendix 4

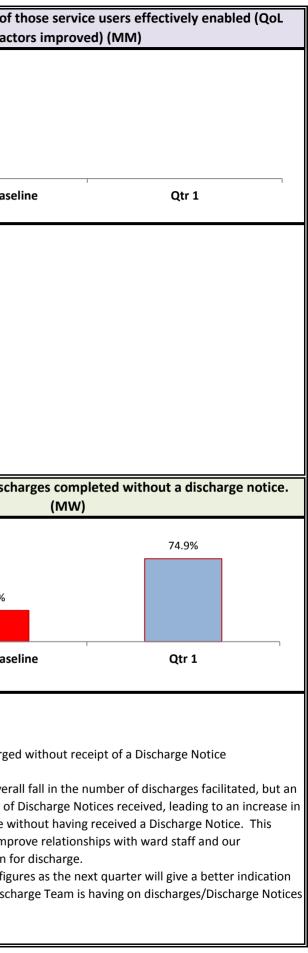
ectiveness of call handling: (LK)				
		6156		
seline	I	Qtr 1		
		2.6%		
		٠		
eline	I	Qtr 1		1
seeing a	an increase which is in	line with	our	expected
bility impacts on call handlers and demonstrates a ment figures. This figure is in line with our higher , corporate ACD connectivity issues have been present atively affecting call abandonment rates. issue will be fixed in July. Monitor call abandonment lish actual impact on difference in call handling. uarter 2 as initial call triaging moves to customer				
entage of contacts leading to: (LK)				
31.80%		32.	.1%	
	10.5	%		
				1
seline		Qtr 1		
vices	IAG / Signposting to	universa	al serv	vices
ing concluded as no further action/services has almost bled between 15/16 and again between 16/17. G and signposting are stable as a percentage of lower o further action contacts show double recording				
SA alert. This requires further understanding and				
e no furt se	her action contact to o	establish	the r	eason what

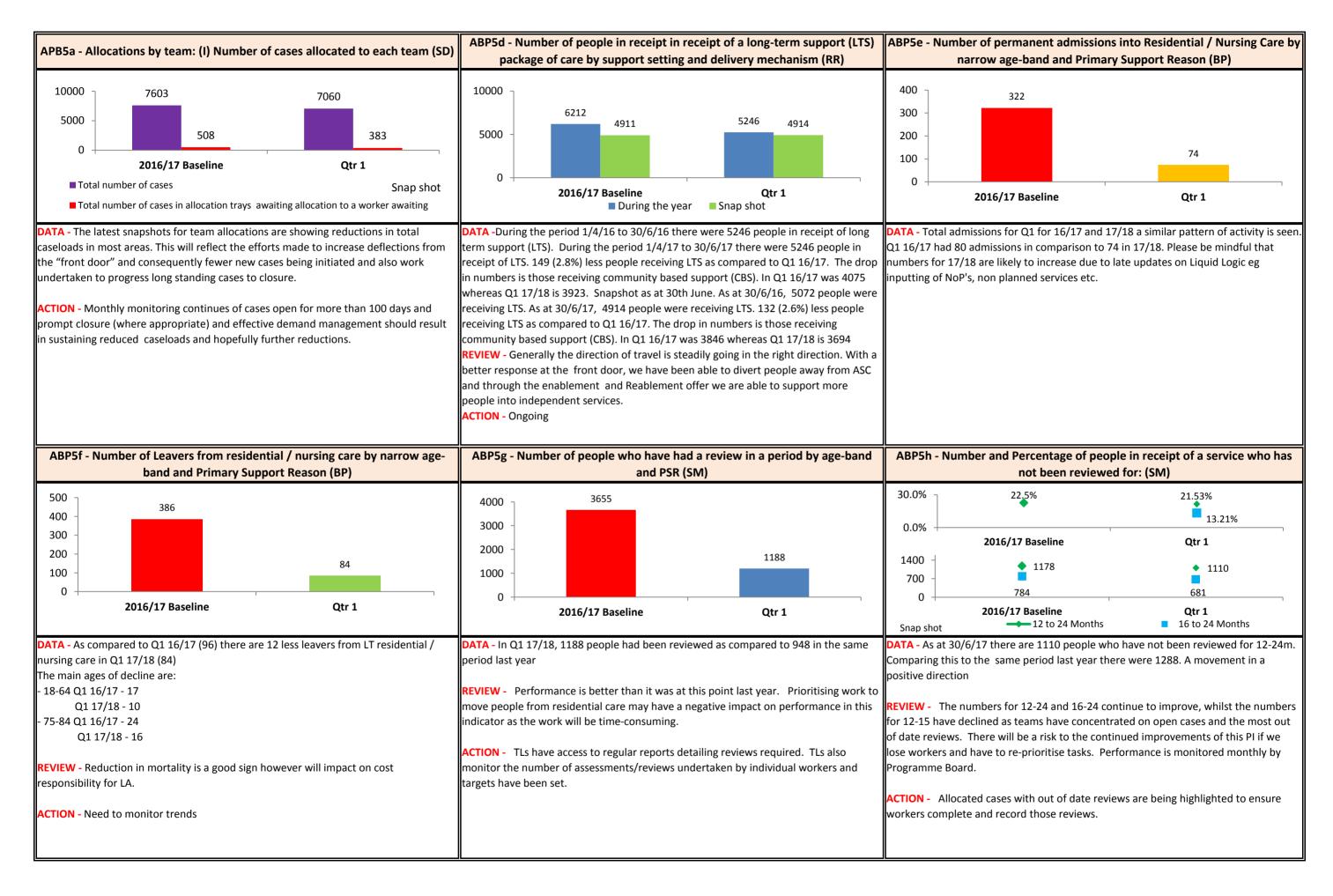


ABP2d - Number of requests for new clients broken by route of access (RoA) and Outcome to that request for support (MW)	ABP2e - Number of people entering ASC to receive a long term-support (LTS) package of care – new starters (MW)	ABP2f - Number of peop
15000 10000 5000 0 2669 Qtr 1 Qtr 1	1200 1000 800 600 400 200 0 2016/17 Baseline Qtr 1	4000 2000 0 <b>2016/17 Basel</b> • No of people • Of which we
3272 - 603 less contacts as compared to same period last yr. Particularly Apr17 and May	report. Further work will be undertaken at the end of the year to reconcile numbers for the SALT return	DATA - During Q1 there has been a of front door) and the OR for the A positive and negative impact on th changes will lead to continued imp There is still a greater emphasis of items for themselves compared to ACTION - Completion of the OR fo Raising awareness of AT within ASI Support and improved guidance an service user seeking to acquire AT
APB3a Number of contacts that go on to receive reablement (short term support to maximise independence) - SALT (JS-B)	APB3b - Reablement - Outcomes post reablement: (JS-B)	ABP3c - Proportion of people ( from hospital into re
2000 - 1603 1500 - 386 500 - 386 0 - 2016/17 Baseline Qtr 1	100.0% 54.6% 39.9% 26.9% 26.9% 7.8% 0.0% 2016/17 Baseline % fully independent % reduced needs % increased needs % increased needs	94.0% - 92.3% 92.0% - 90.0% - 88.0% - 86.0% - 84.0% - 82.0% - 2016/17 Basel
<ul> <li>DATA -In Q1 17/18 386 people went on to receive reablement services as compared to 362 for same period last year. This equates to similar activity in both periods</li> <li>REVIEW - Similar pattern to numbers receiving reablement to same period last year.</li> <li>ACTION - To ensure that the service runs at maximum capacity.</li> </ul>		DATA - This measure has seen a co 16/17) to 85.8% (Q1 - 17/18) In Q1 16/17 following 91 days outo residential/nursing care. In Q1 17/18 following 91 days outo residential homes The above explains the difference <b>REVIEW</b> - The data shows a marke within 91 days after service. This co that the service is now expecting w age of 85 plus with co-morbidities. <b>ACTION</b> - To look at these and crit will benefit in long term from servite

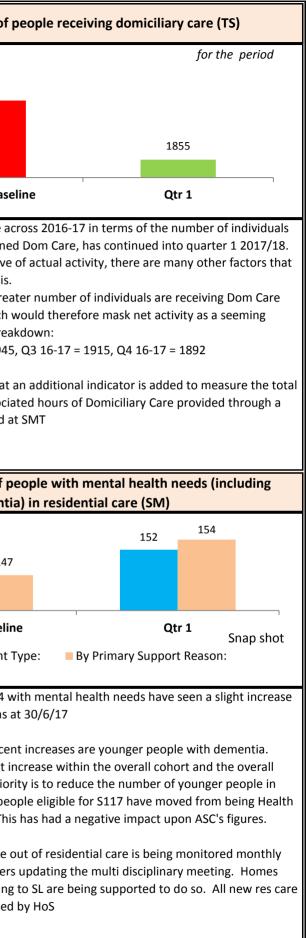


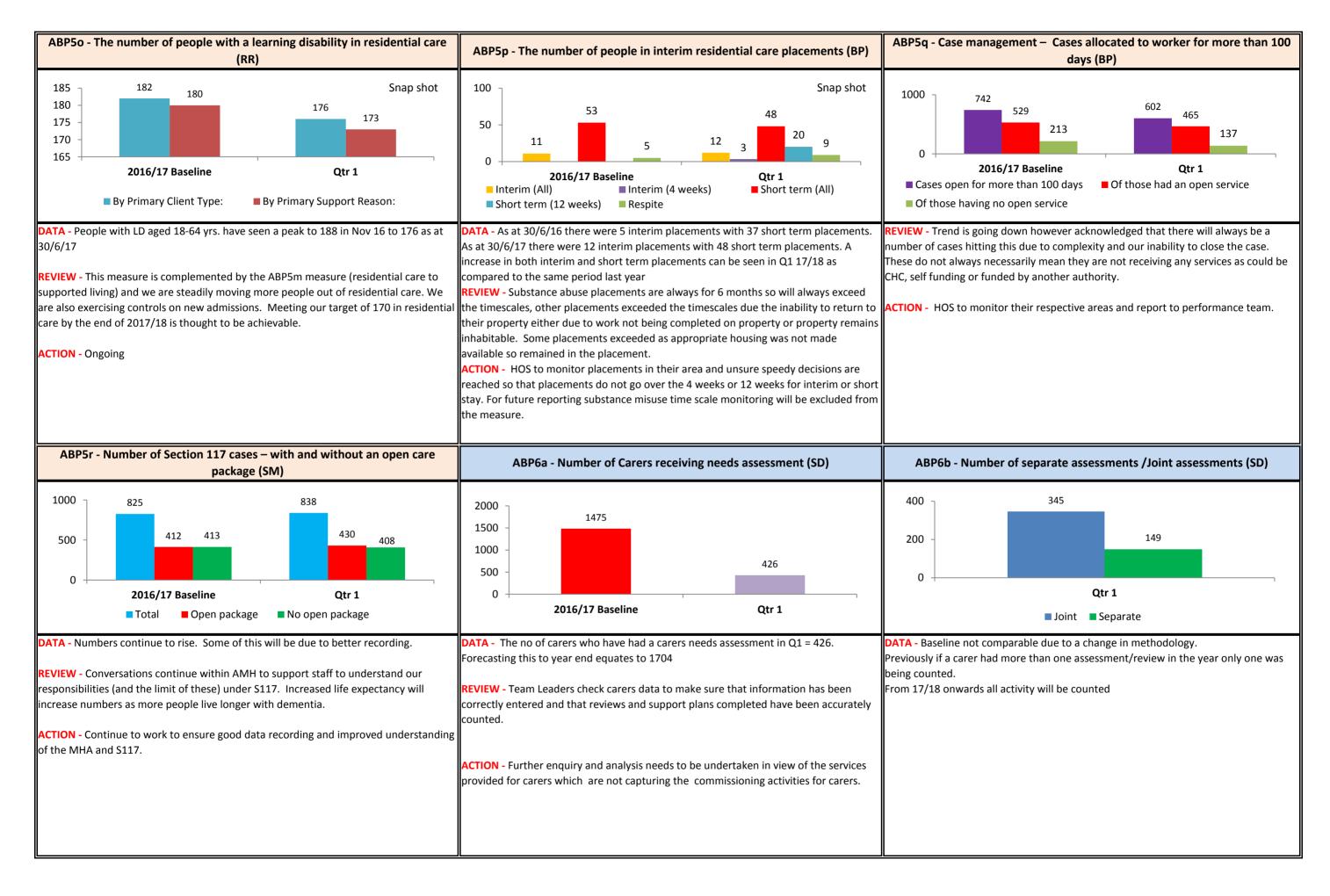
ABP3d - Proportion of older people (65 and over) offered reablement services following discharge from hospital. (JS-B)	ABP3e - Percentage of new enablement cases allocated with 48 hrs (MM)	ABP3f - The percentage of fact
4.0% 3.0% 2.0% 1.0% 2.0% 2.0% 2.0% 2.0% 2.0% 2.0% 2.0% 2.0% 2.0% 2.0% 2.0% 2.0% 2.0% 2016/17 Baseline Qtr 1 DATA -NHS Digital no longer publish the no of live discharges from hospital. This information was previously received from Arden & GEM and is no longer available to calculate and monitor this measure REVIEW - The data shows a marked increase in the number of death for period one within 91 days after service. This could be attributable to the high dependency cases that the service is now expecting with the majority of service users who are over the age of 85 plus with co-morbidities. ACTION - To look at these and criteria for service to ensure that suitable service users will benefit in long term from services.	87.5% 87.0% 86.5% 86.0% 85.5% 2016/17 Baseline Qtr 1 DATA - The 2016/17 baseline of 86.2% is based on a service that does not respond to crises and urgent cases. REVIEW - Quarter 1 has exceeded the baseline by 8%. ACTION - Performance to remain at 87% or over requires weekly scrutiny on the enablement referral decision tray.	60.0% 40.0% 20.0% 0.0% 2016/17 Base Under Development
ABP3g - Reablement / intermediate care outcomes; result from intervention: Sequel to ST Max as per SALT (JS-B / MM)	ABP4a - Delayed transfers of care (attributable to ASC) per 100,000 pop. (MW)	ABP4b - Percentage of disch
1000 - 500 - 0 - 2016/17 Baseline Qtr 1	2.6 - 2.5 2.4 - 2.2 2016/17 Baseline Qtr 1	70.0% - 65.0% - 60.0% - 55.0% - <b>2016/17 Base</b>
<ul> <li>(low level) and 3 short term. 37 - sign posted and 47 support declined.</li> <li>REVIEW - Quarter 1 for enablement is positive compared to the baseline showing 2 ongoing low level support. 5 short term, 7 sign posted and 8 no identified needs.</li> <li>ACTION - Numbers with no identified needs and support declined to be increased.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>DATA - No of patients delayed on the last Thursday of each month is no longer available. This measure is under development by NHS Digital. Locally it is calculated by the average no of beds delayed in the month.</li> <li>REVIEW - The figure do not currently compare like for like. This year a proxy measure is being used until clarification is provided by NHS Digital.</li> <li>ACTION - NHS Digital to provide the exact definition they wish us to use when counting DToCs.</li> </ul>	<b>REVIEW</b> - There has been an overa even greater fall in the number of

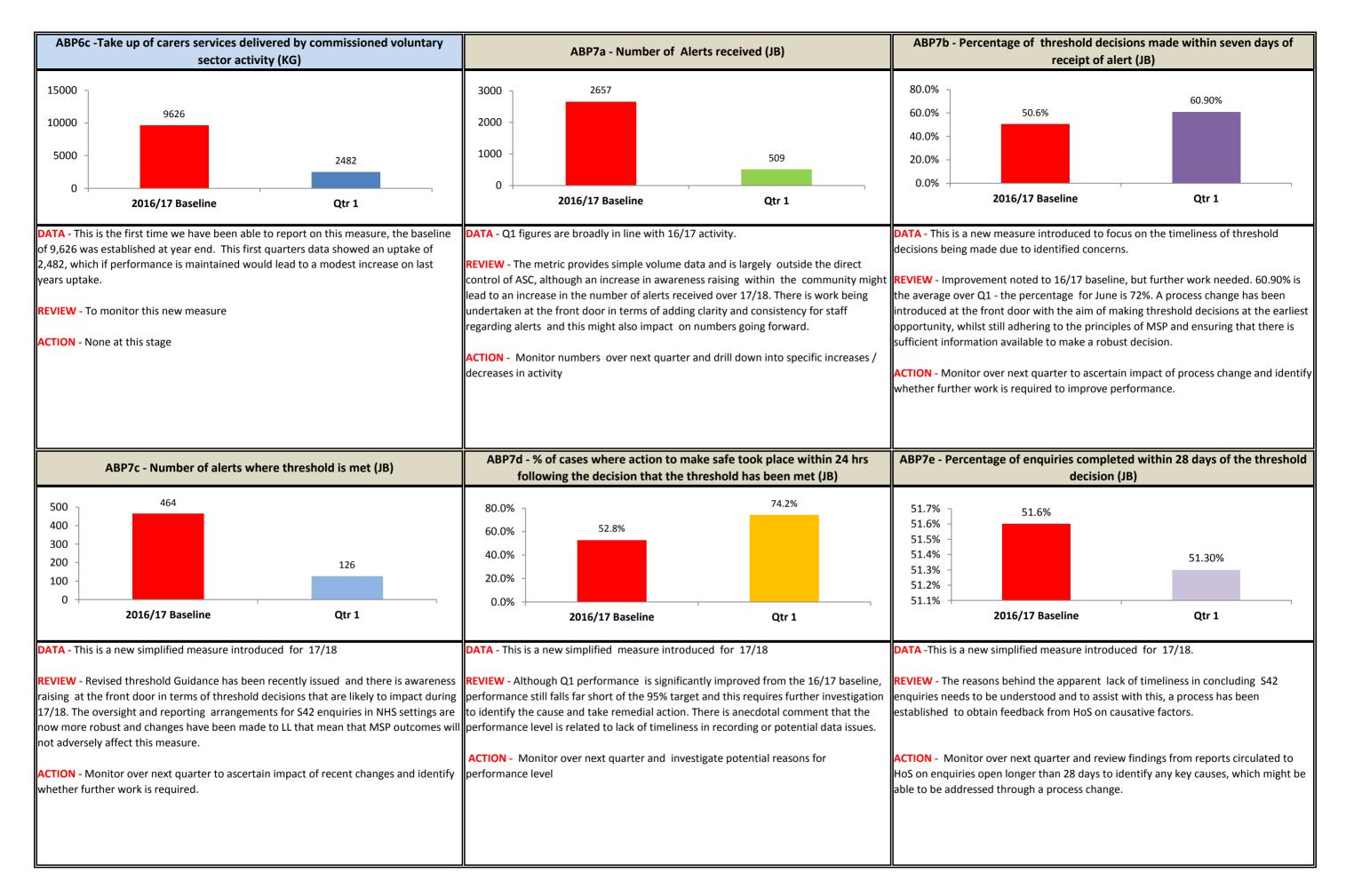




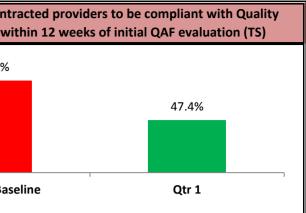
ABP51 - N	umber and percentage of people in re been reviewed for 24 months	•	ABP5j - Direct Payments: (SD)	ABP5k - Number of p
500 0	366 ◆ 2016/17 Baseline 7.0%	272 • Qtr 1 5.28%	2500 2081 1832 740 646 740 646 2016/17 Baseline Qtr 1 The number of service users receiving DPs	10000 8000 - 6000 - 4000 - 2000 -
0.0%	2016/17 Baseline	Qtr 1 Snap shot	<ul> <li>The number of services users receiving DPs with only set-up support from DPSS.</li> <li>The number of users issued with pre-paid cards (new and existing service users)</li> </ul>	0
more. Com improveme REVIEW - completing for the odd we lose wo ACTION -	at 30/6/17 there are 272 people who have paring this to the same period last year th ent in the year The position continues to improve and tea the most out of date reviews. The target discrepancy) by the end of the financial year rkers and have to re-prioritise tasks Data tidy up as a number of reassessments ted. Monthly reports highlight to TLs the r	ere were 927. A significant ms have been concentrating on is to reduce this to 1% (allowing ear. There will be a risk to this if s have been completed but are not	<ul> <li>iii) PPC cases - 646</li> <li>ACTION - Continued monitoring. A programme of audit is in progress by Internal Audit about the PPC and DP process which will further inform performance in this area. PPC CMOs secondment will end in Dec 2017 and the Care Management Teams will need to</li> </ul>	DATA - The consistent decrease ac in receipt of directly commissioned Whilst this may be representative of could potentially account for this. For example, it may be that a great through a Direct Payment, which w reduction. 2016-17 quarterly break Q1 16-17 = 1948, Q2 16-17 = 1945, ACTION - It is recommended that a number of individuals, and associa Direct Payment. To be discussed at
	ABP5I - Number of domiciliary care	hours delivered (TS)	ABP5m - Number of working age customers moved out of residential care into supported accommodation (RR)	ABP5n - The number of pe dementia
1200000 900000 600000 300000	909236	225286 Qtr 1	15 14 10 10 5 0 0 2016/17 Baseline Qtr 1	155 150 - 147 145 - 140 - 2016/17 Baseline By Primary Client T
an increase However, t could indica REVIEW - D cases will s	e downward trend from Q3 & Q4 in 2016/1 e and not following a consistent decrease w he figure for Q1, is nearly an exact match f ate that for the rest of 2017/18 will follow Data is based on individuals with an open ca pan multiple periods. This data relates to c annot attribute Dom Care provided throug	vith CA8. For Q1 2016/17 - 224,909, which the same trend as 2016/17. For package and as such many lirectly commissioned Dom Care	<ul> <li>DATA - 10 service users moved from residential care into supporting living during the first quarter of 2017/18. This compares favourably to the 7 moving in the same period last year.</li> <li>REVIEW - Supported by the IAG group, this work is going in the right direction with 10 people moved in the first quarter, which makes the overall target for the year achievable.</li> <li>ACTION - Ongoing</li> </ul>	DATA - No of people aged 18-64 wi from 142 as at 30/6/16 to 152 as at <b>REVIEW</b> - A couple of these recent However, this is not a significant in increase is concerning as the priori residential care. A number of peo- funded to being joint funded. This <b>ACTION</b> - Work to move people of with targets set and Team Leaders which wish to consider converting placements have to be authorised







ABP7f - Number of repeat alerts relating to unallocated cases in a 12 month rolling period (JB)	ABP8a - Proportion of contracted providers to be compliant at the point of assessment, of those eligible to receive a QAF assessment (TS)	ABP8b - Proportion of contr Assurance Framework wi
250 200 - 150 - No baseline 100 - data 50 - 0 <b>2016/17 Baseline</b> Qtr 1 DATA - This is an amended measure introduced for 17/18 and looks at data over a	82.0% 81.8% 81.5% 81.5% 80.65% 80.5% 2016/17 Baseline Qtr 1 DATA - In Q1 2017-18, we have seen a slight decrease in terms of the total rate of QAF eligible	100.0% - 80.0% - 60.0% - 40.0% - 20.0% - 0.0% - <b>2016/17 Bas</b>
rolling 12 month period. As such, it is important to note that any changes in performance will only become apparent relatively slowly over the time frame. <b>REVIEW</b> - The 207 repeat alerts relate to 150 people. Of these 111 have had 2 alerts over the 12 month rolling period, with the remaining 39 having 3 or more alerts. Further analysis of this data is required to determine any emergent themes or trends - team, location, alert type.	<ul> <li>QAF providers to be compliant with the QAF process (80.6% compliance). This trend continues a slight downturn we saw in the previous quarter, but at this time is insignificant.</li> <li><b>REVIEW</b> - We are currently reviewing the way we record and monitor contracted service on our QAF tracking database. An updated version of this is currently in development and will be used to add all Substance Misuse and Public Health contracts</li> <li><b>ACTION</b> - All providers deemed to be non-compliant with the Quality Assurance Framework (QAF)</li> </ul>	expecting compliance within 12 m contracted provider to achieve co initial QAF evaluation (this is due following a non-compliant QAF ou included for reference only, and is
ABP8d - Proportion of all QAF evaluations completed within 13 weeks of the start date (TS)	ABP8f - The proportion of NOCs directly related to 'Contractual Concerns' to be completed and closed within the target period, based on complexity (TS)	
60.0% 53.2% 40.0% - 34.40% 20.0% - 0.0% - 2016/17 Baseline Qtr 1	44.0% 43.0% 42.0% 41.2% 41.0% 40.0% <b>2016/17 Baseline</b> Qtr 1	
decreased. However, this does coincide with the launch of the new CaAS structure following a recent Organisational Review, with many new staff recently being inducted. We would expect performance in this area to improve once staff have greater knowledge of their portfolio and of competing priorities etc. We will nonetheless monitor this situation and address if performance does not improve ACTION - CaAS will monitor this over the next reporting period, as new staff are fully	<ul> <li>DATA - Overall, we have seen a slight increase in terms of the overall proportion of IMR cases that have been closed within 28 days. This is a good indication of performance early in the year, and slightly exceeds the baseline established in 2016-17. However, please note that we will soon be amending our reporting against this indicator, in order to align reporting with the new categories for IMR</li> <li>ACTION - CaAS have recently set up a new NOC dashboard to monitor and track NOC closure activity within the team. This will be used operationally by staff and management to monitor performance.</li> </ul>	



ay we report in this are from Q1 2017-18. Rather than e months of the original QAF outcome, we expect a compliance with the QAF within 12 weeks of their the to a revised mechanism of working with providers outcome). the baseline established (highlighted) is d is non-comparable against 2017-18 data.

Assurance Framework (QAF), any provider that is vill be subject to a remedial action plan. CaAS staff will for them to improve standards. Following an agreed provements, the provider will receive a reassessment. return to still be non-compliant will have been subject